

# Interactive Stereoscopic Display for Three or More Users

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# 3D Images

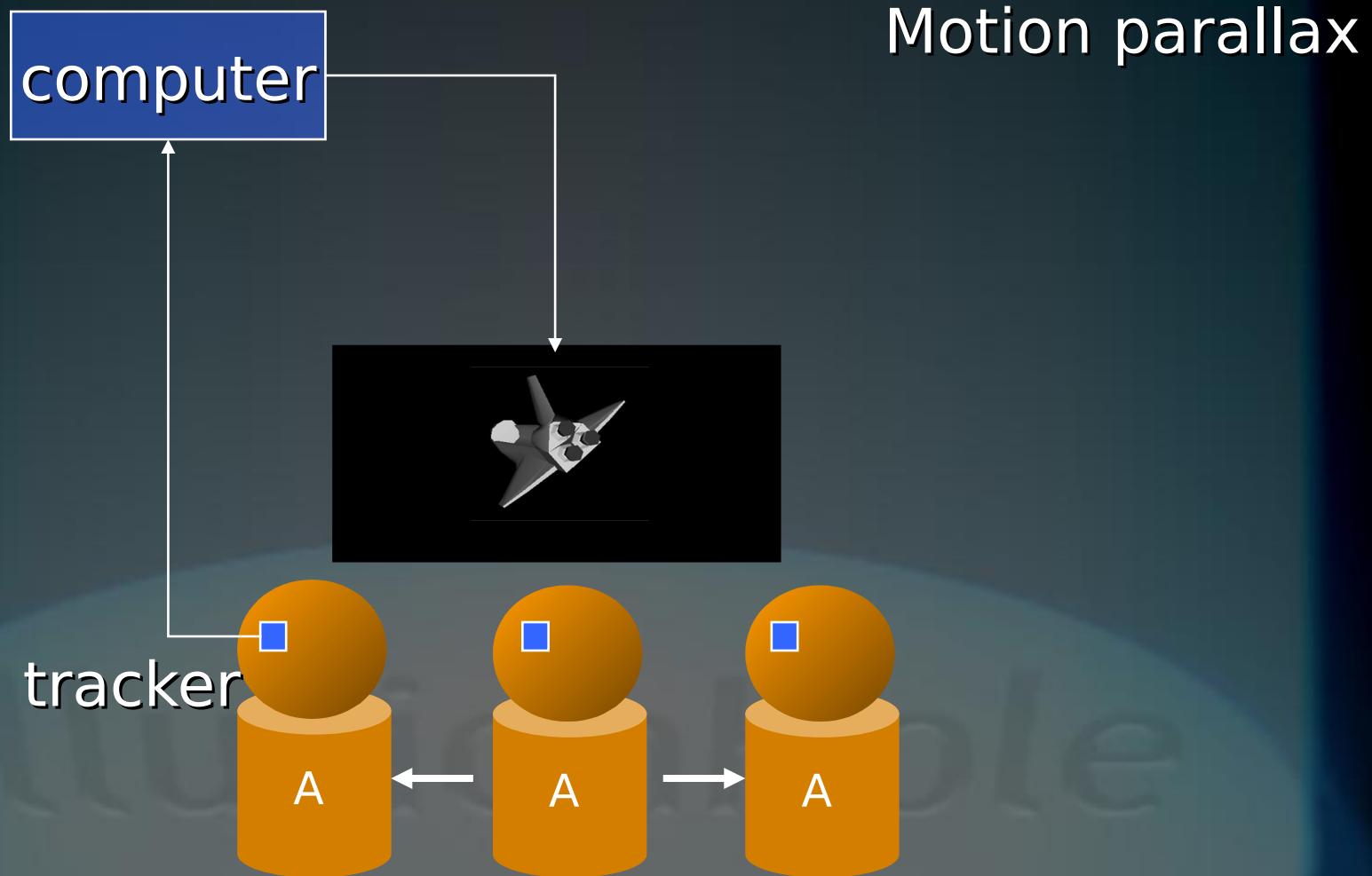
- Holography
- Stereoscopic Images



Interactive Stereoscopic Display



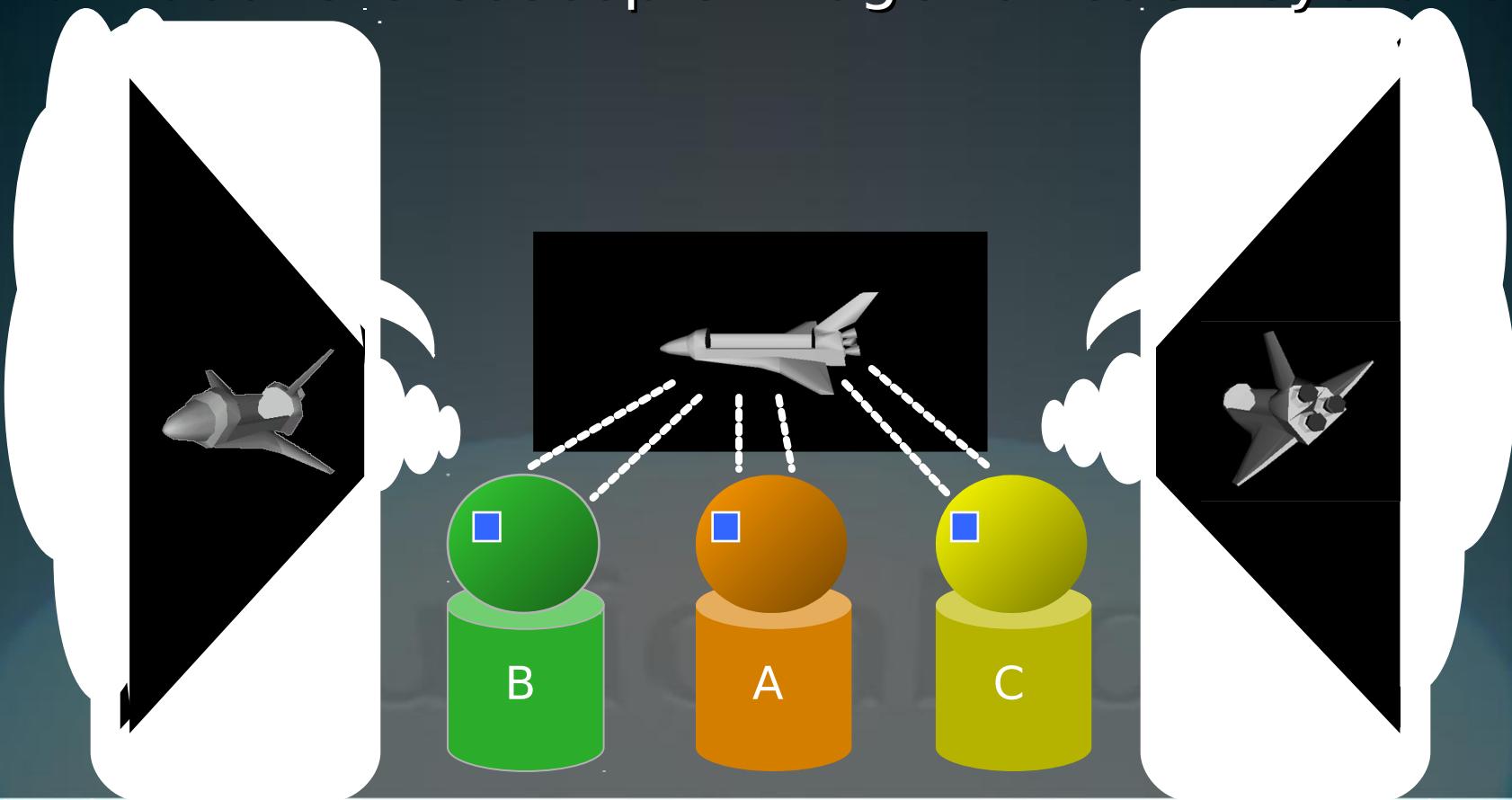
# Interactive Stereoscopic Display



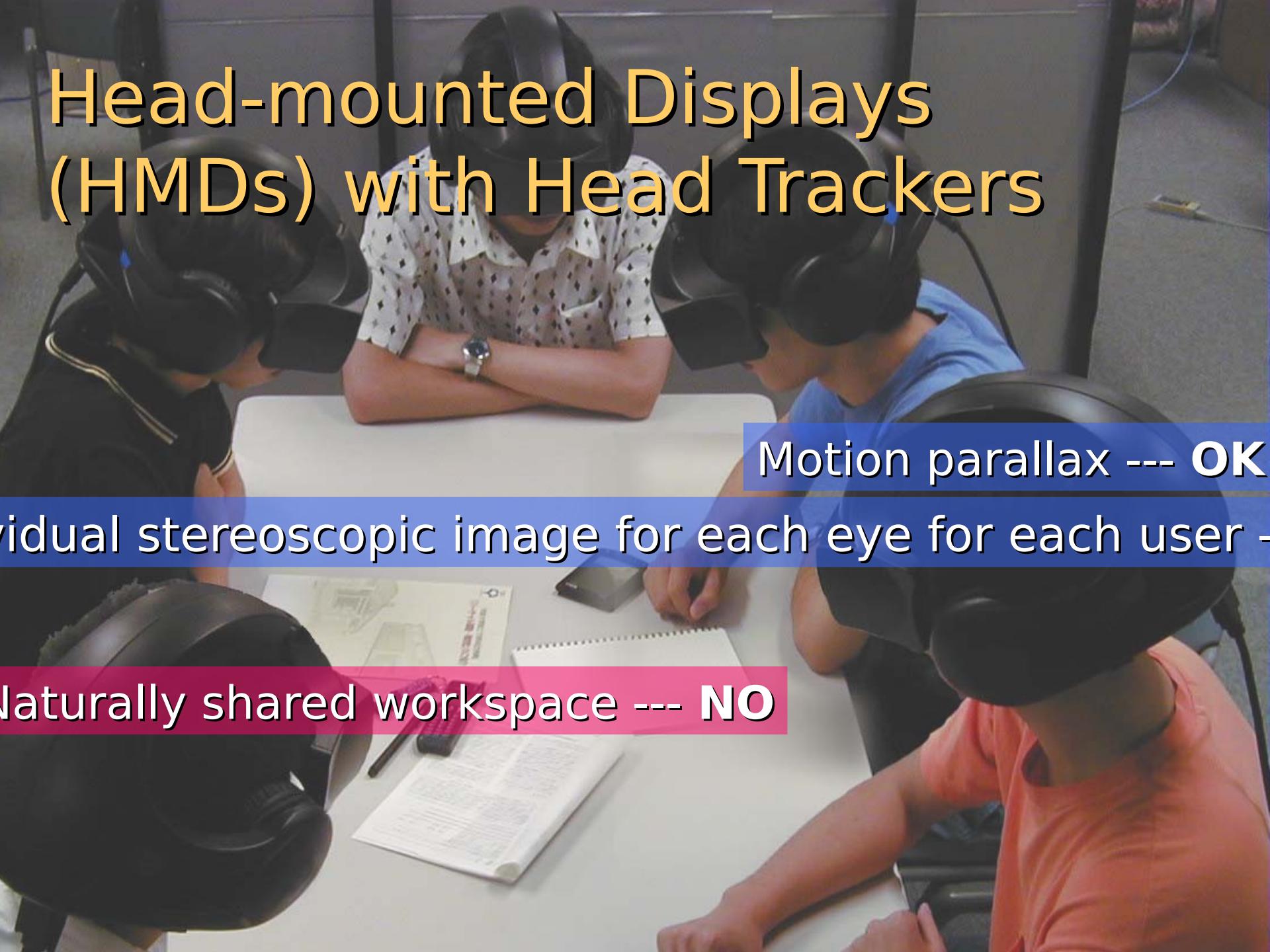
# Interactive Stereoscopic Display for Multiple Users

Motion parallax

Individual stereoscopic image for each eye of each



# Head-mounted Displays (HMDs) with Head Trackers

A photograph showing two people wearing head-mounted displays (HMDs) and head trackers. They are seated at a table, facing each other. The table has a white surface and some papers on it. The background is a plain wall.

Motion parallax --- **OK**

Individual stereoscopic image for each eye for each user --- **OK**

Naturally shared workspace --- **NO**

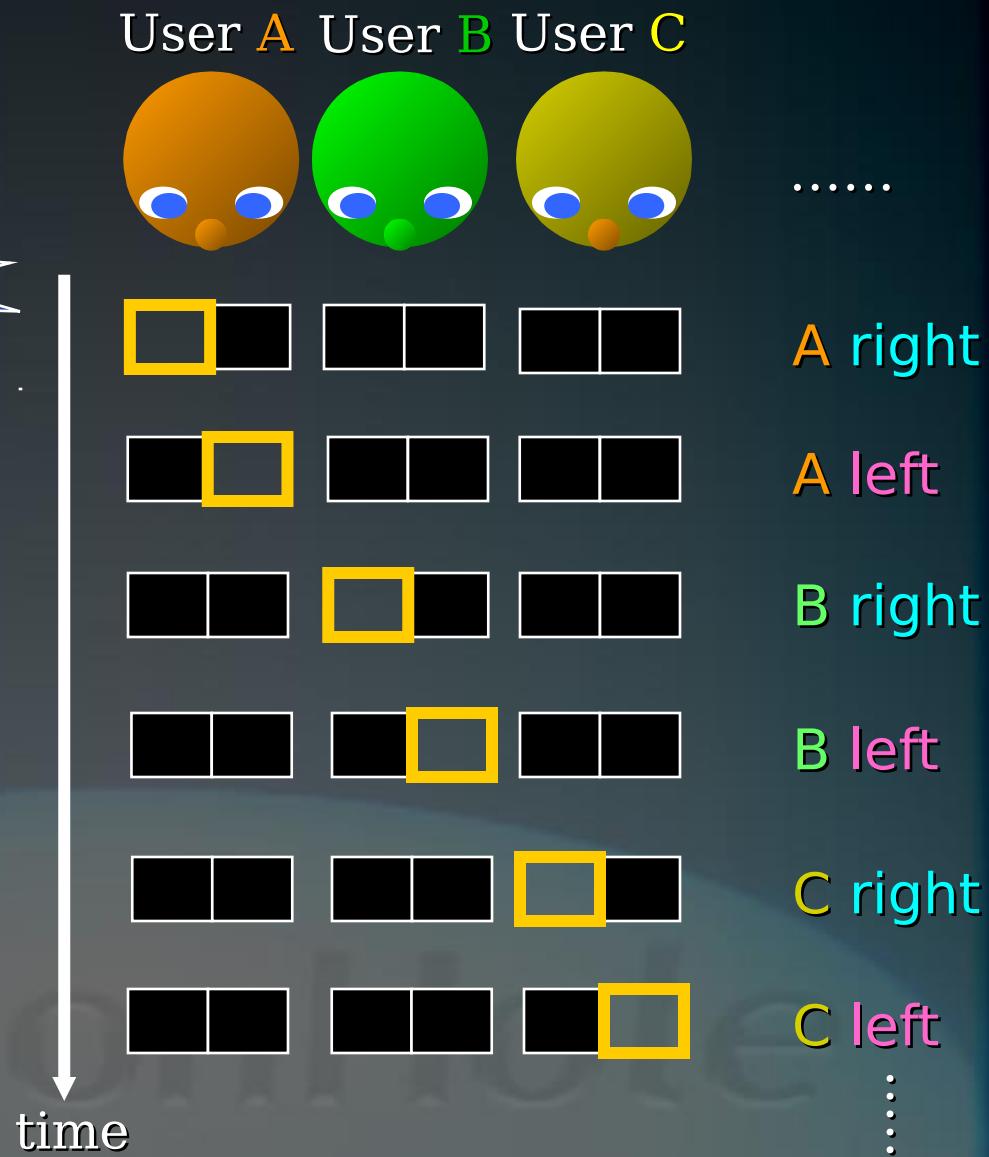
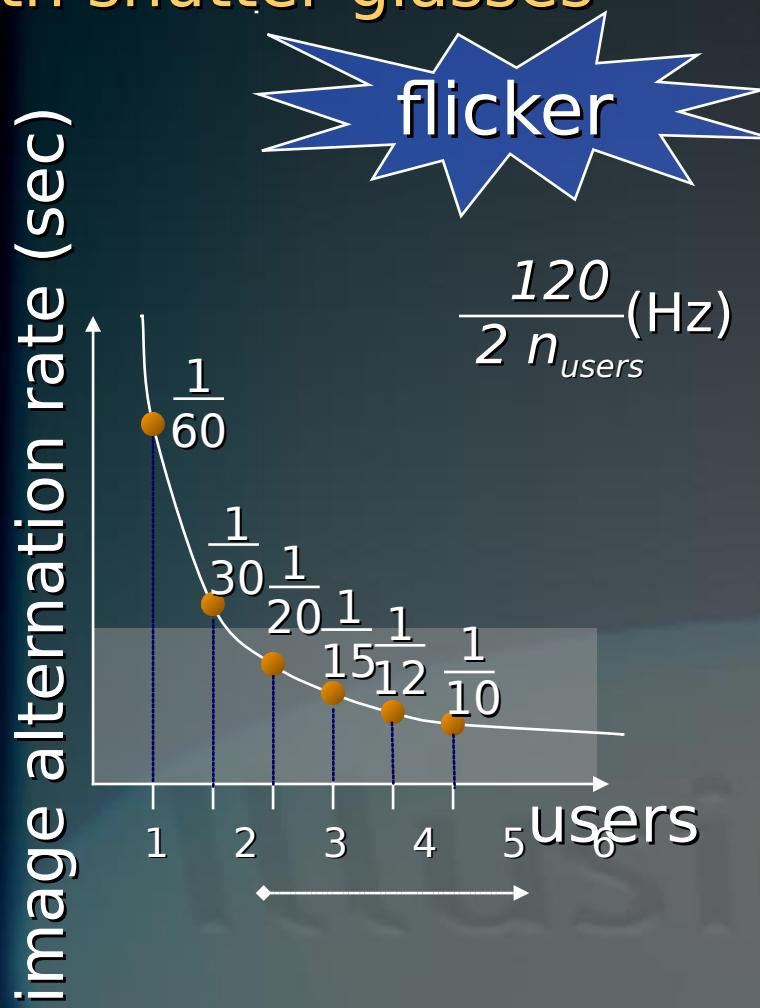
# Possibilities for Stereoscopic Display Techniques

- Anaglyph ..... glasses with red and blue lenses
- Polarization
  - Linear polarization filters ..... face cannot be tilted
  - Circular polarization filters.....property varies with different visible rays
- Stereoscopic display without glasses
  - Parallax barrier
  - Lenticular
  - !
- Field-sequential shutter glasses
  - LCD shutter glasses

Adaptation for multiple users: Difficult

Widely Used

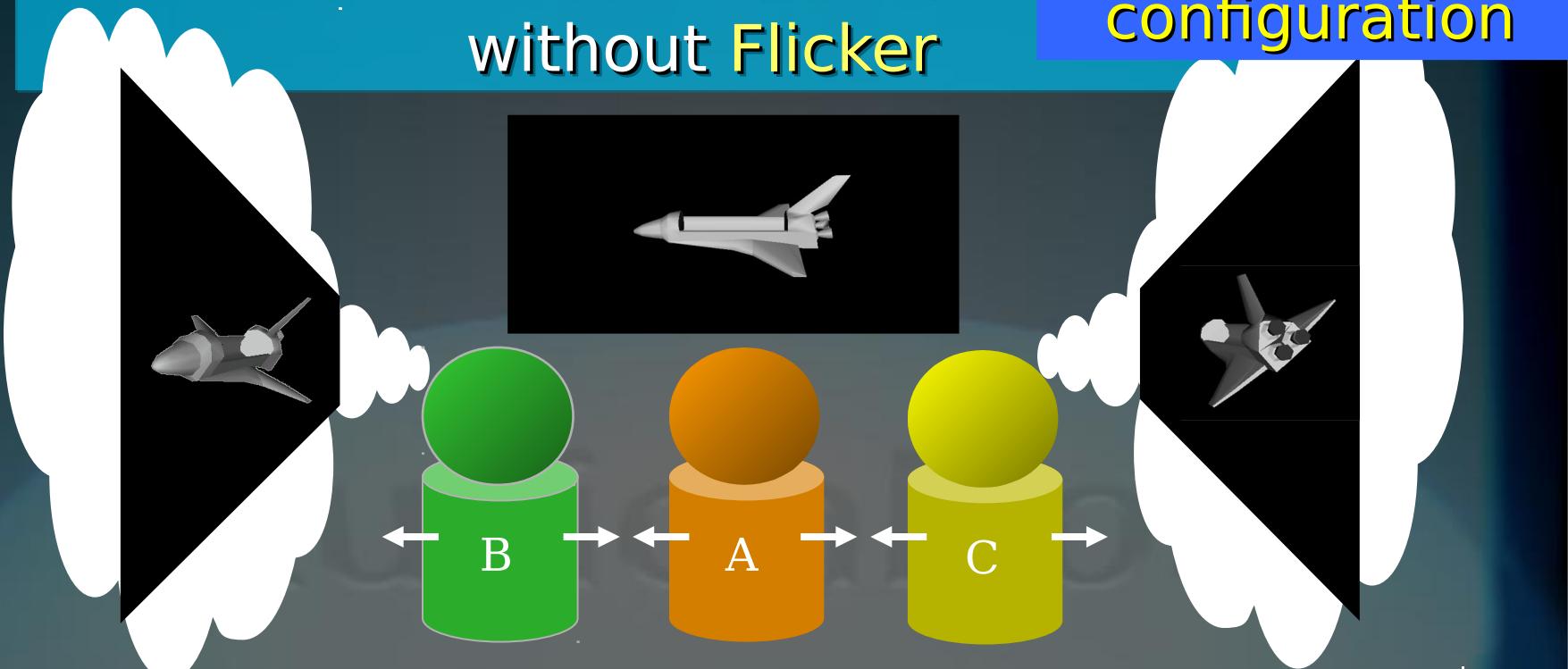
# Field-sequential Stereoscopic Display with shutter glasses



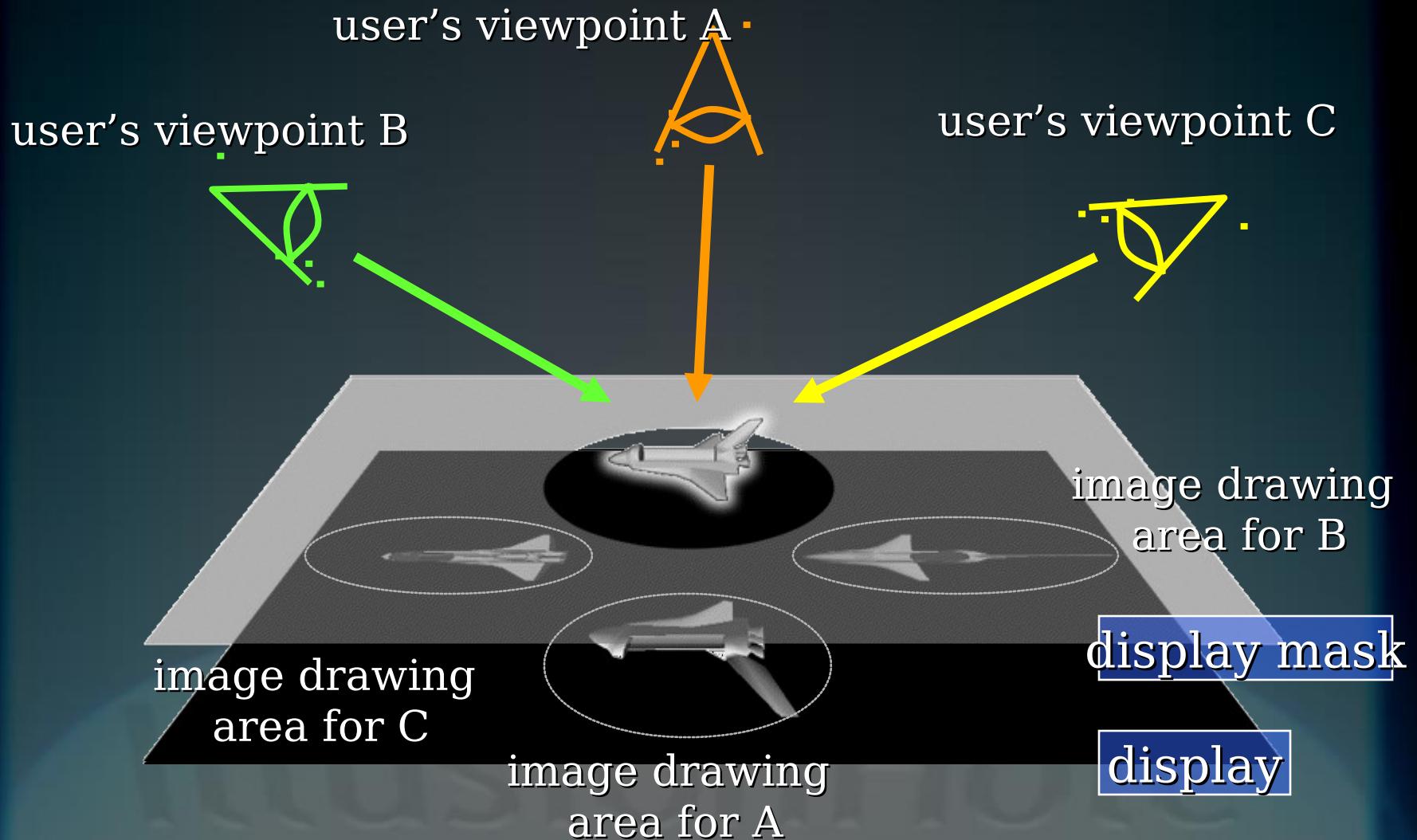
# Ideal Interactive Stereoscopic Display for Three or More Users

Individual stereoscopic image pair for each viewpoint  
with Motion parallax  
without Distortion  
without Flicker

with very simple  
configuration



# Principle of IllusionHole



# Image Drawing Area

$(x_{eye}, y_{eye}, z_{eye})$

$(x_{center}, y_{center}, z_{center})$

$2R$

$z_{eye}$

$D$

image drawing area

position

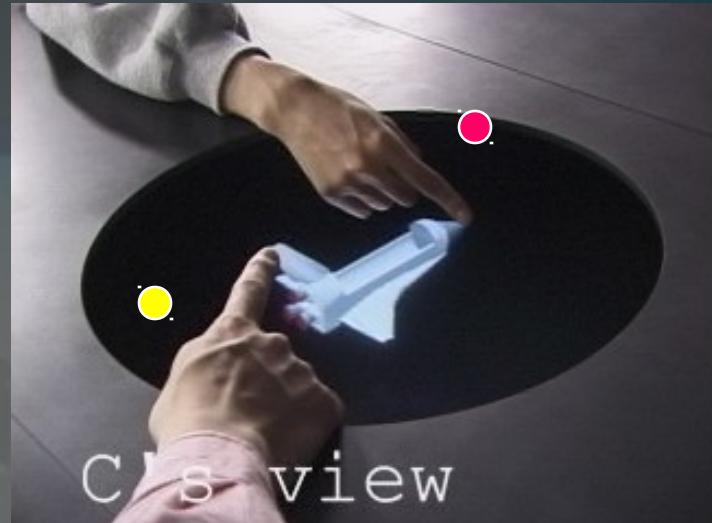
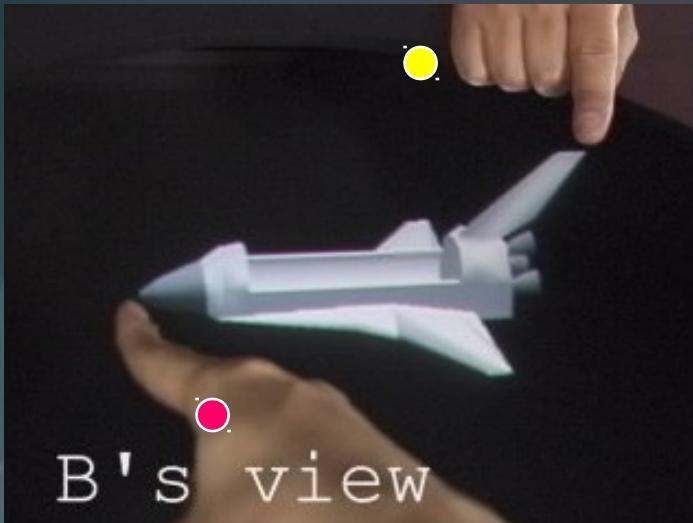
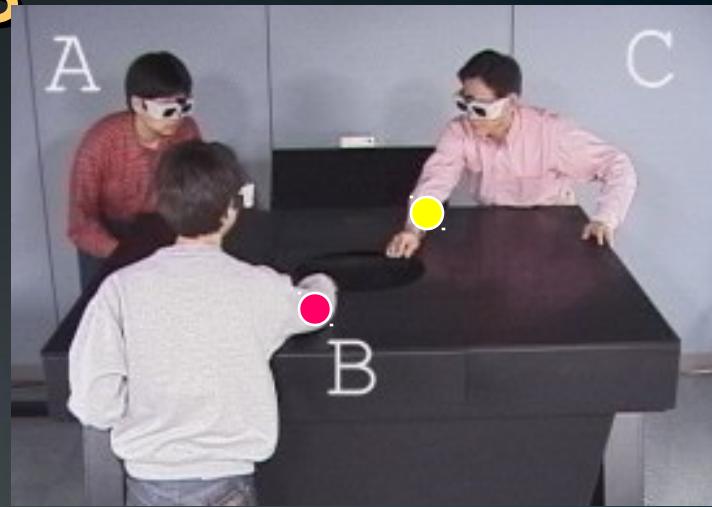
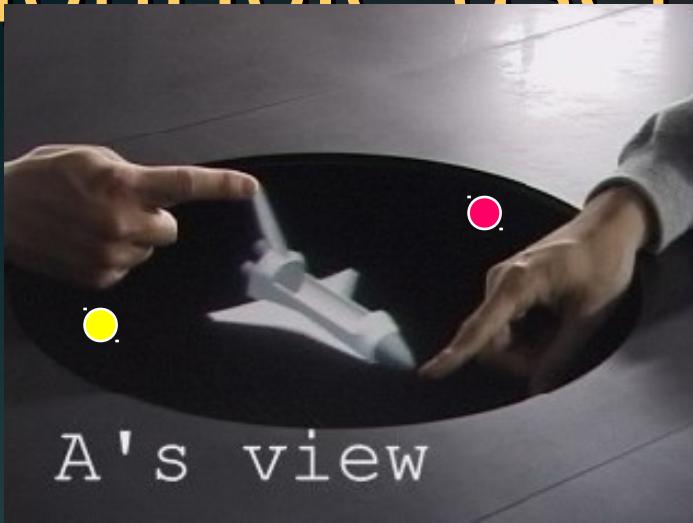
radius

$$\left\{ \begin{array}{l} x_{center} = x_{eye} \cdot \frac{D}{z_{eye} - D} \\ y_{center} = y_{eye} \cdot \frac{D}{z_{eye} - D} \\ z_{center} = 0 \end{array} \right. \quad r = R \times \frac{z_{eye}}{z_{eye} - D}$$

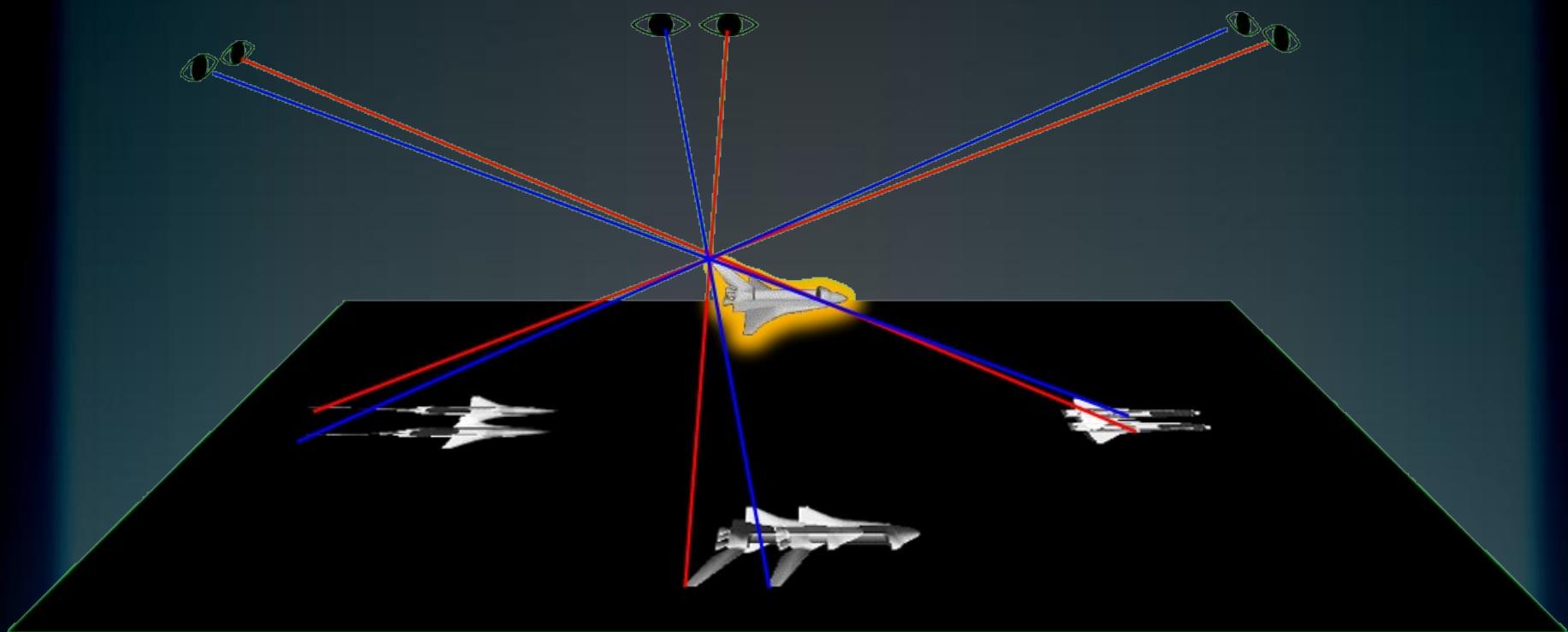
# Video

IllusionHole

# Collaboration among three IllusionHole users

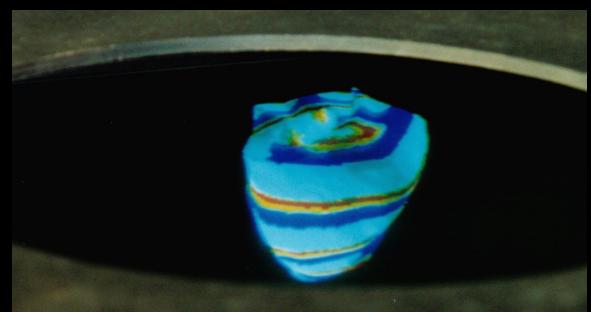
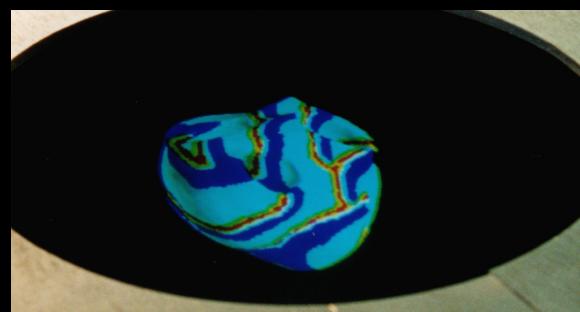
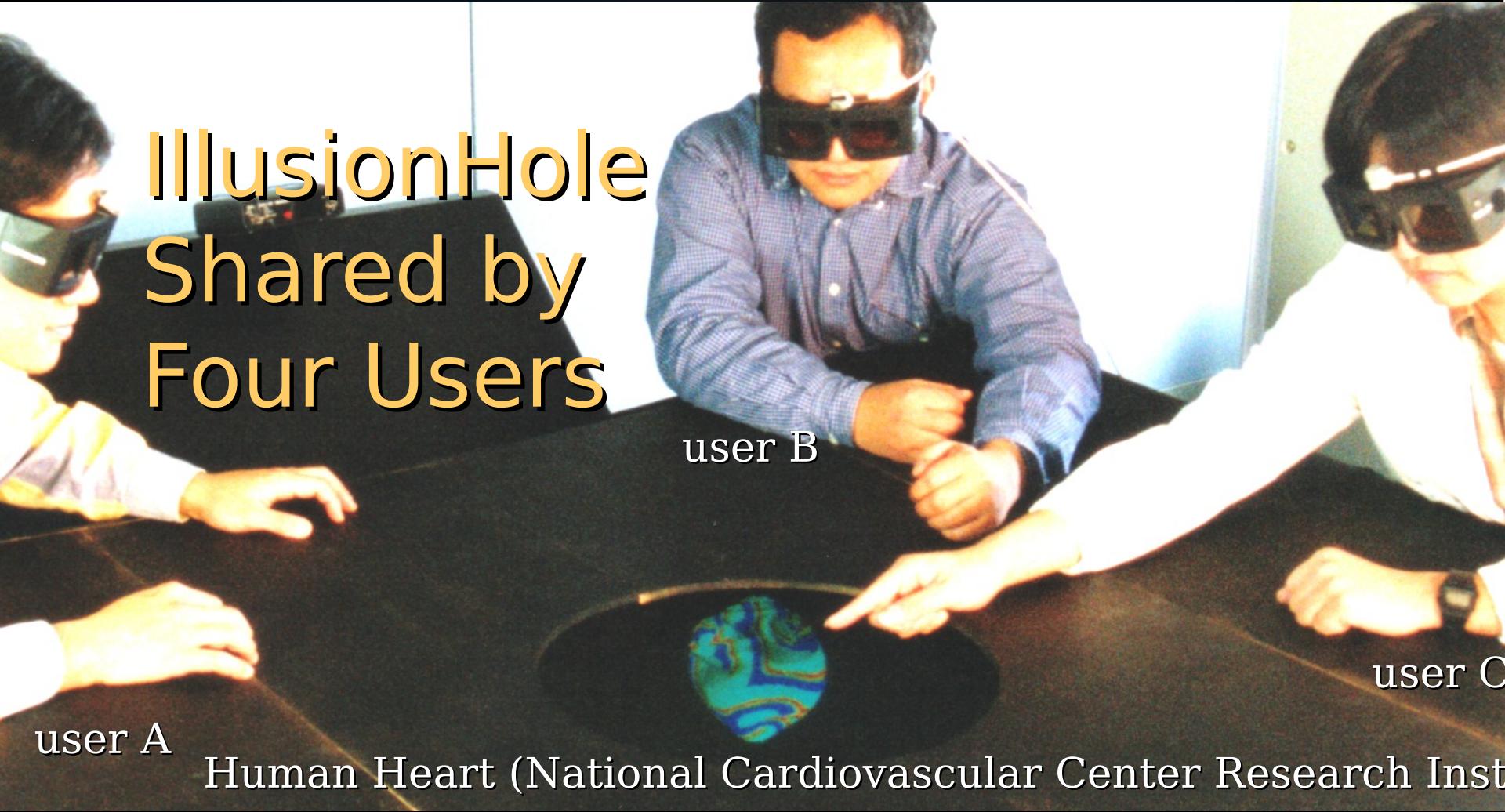


# Presentation of Stereoscopic Images

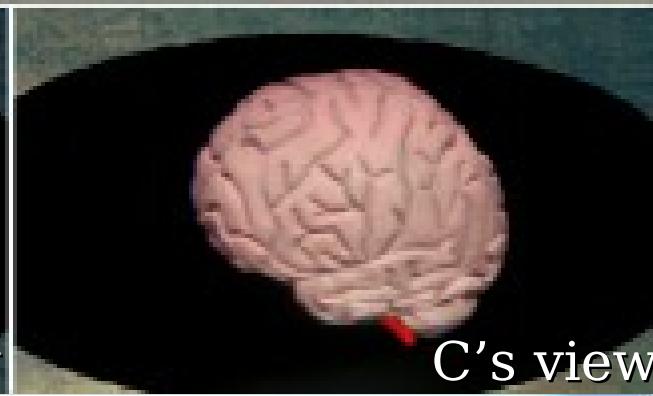
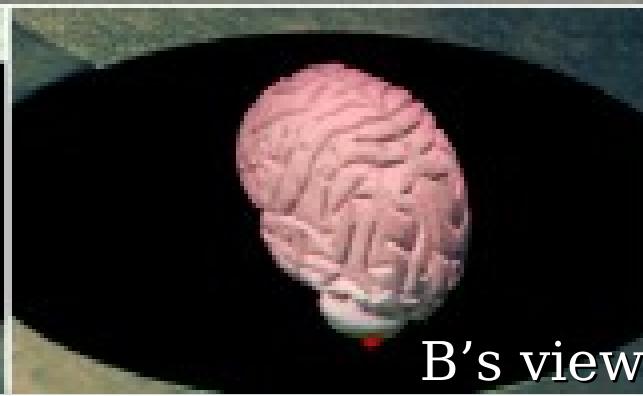
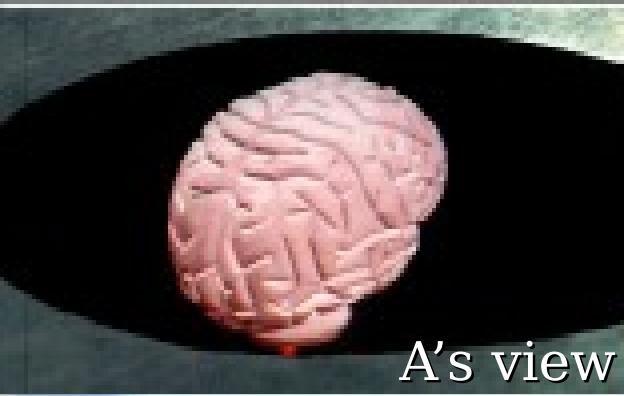


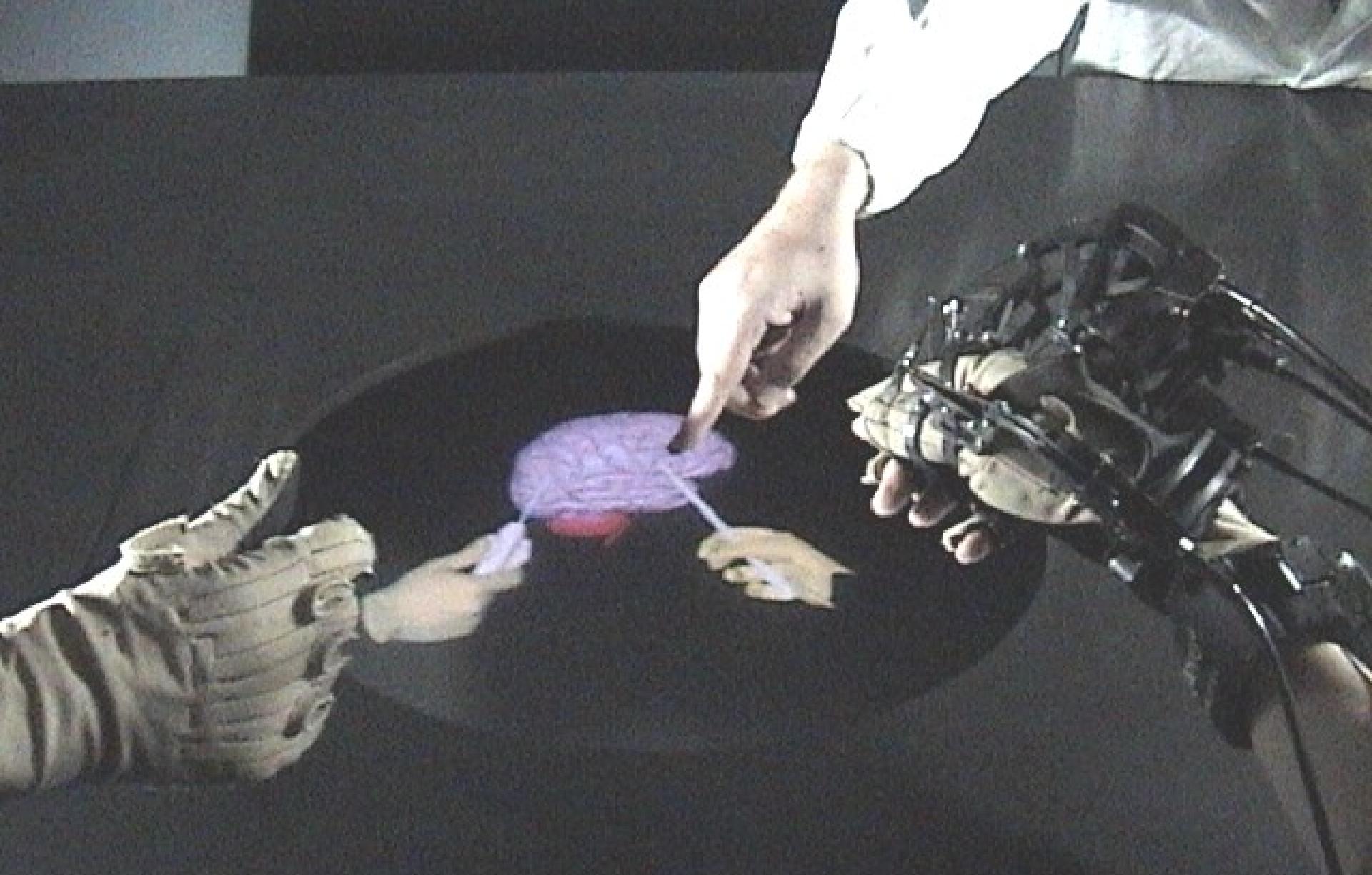
ILLUSIONONLINE

# IllusionHole Shared by Four Users



# IllusionHole Shared by Four Users



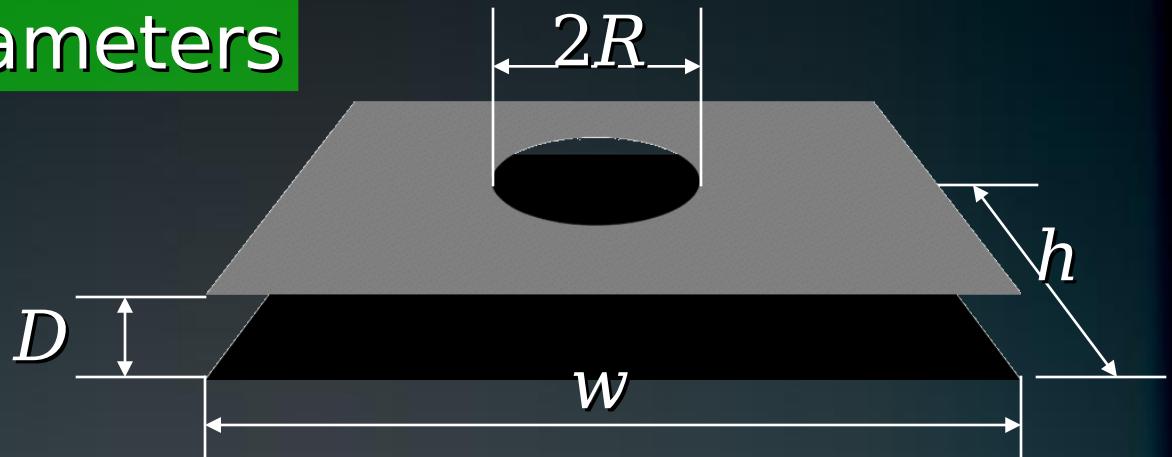


Human Brain Surgery Simulation

illusionHole

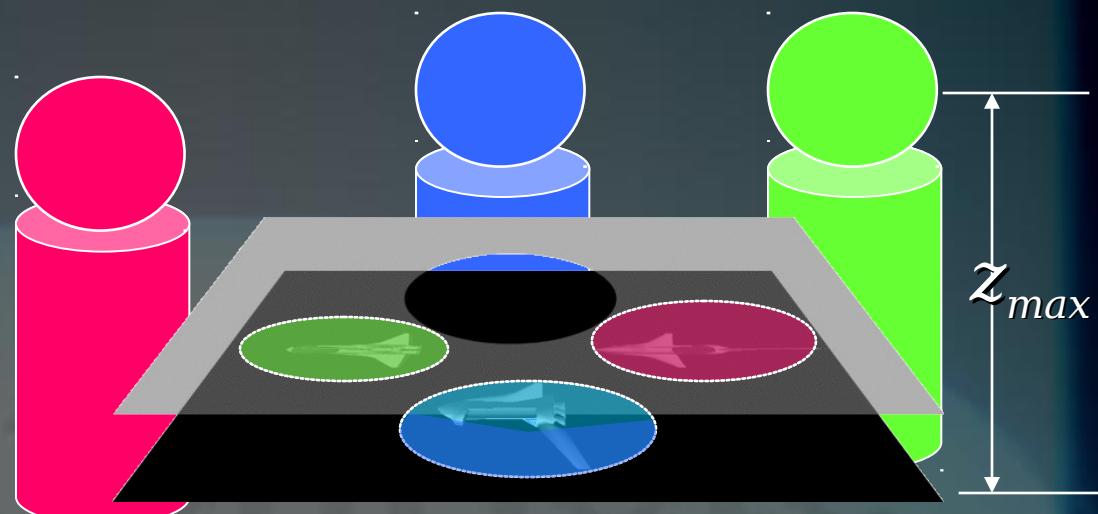
# Design of IllusionHole

## Basic Design Parameters



## Requirements

- image drawing area
  - does not exceed
  - does not overlap
- $z_{\text{eye}} < z_{\text{max}}$



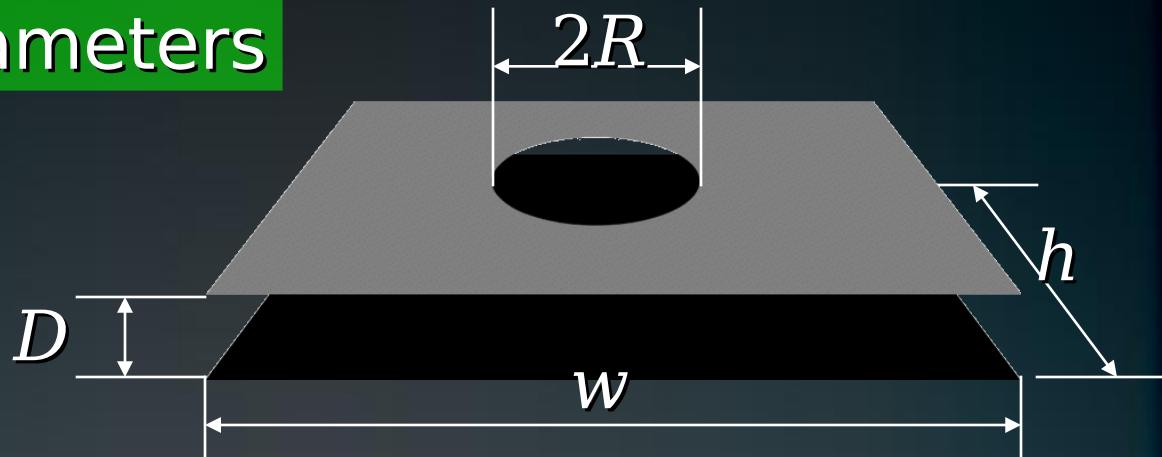
## Trade-off Relationship

# Video

Examples of Tradeoff  
Relationship among Design  
Parameters

# Variation of Characteristics

## Basic Design Parameters



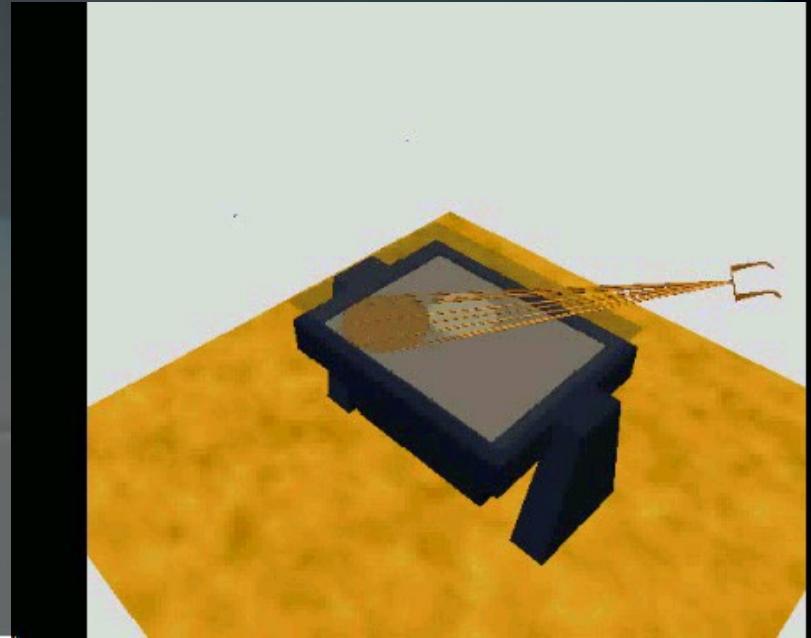
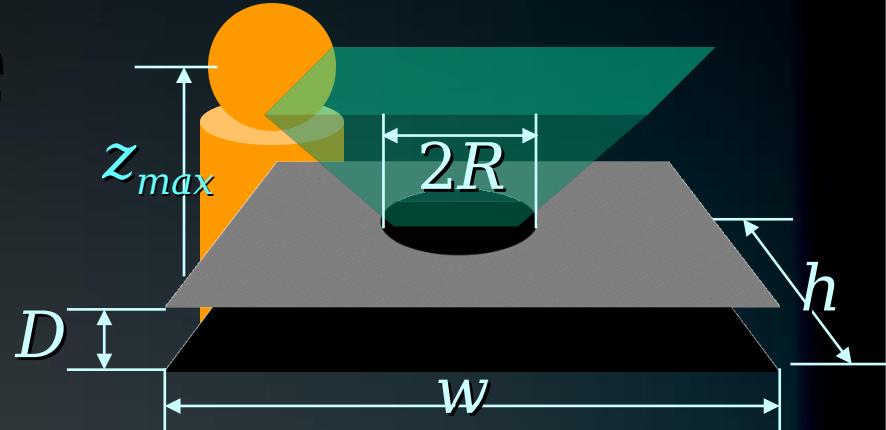
## Characteristics of IllusionHole

- Movable Volume for a User
- Viewing Angle between Users
- Viewing Volume for a User
- Maximum Number of Users

# Movable Volume for a User

$$V_m = \frac{(w - 2R)(h - 2R)}{3D^2}$$

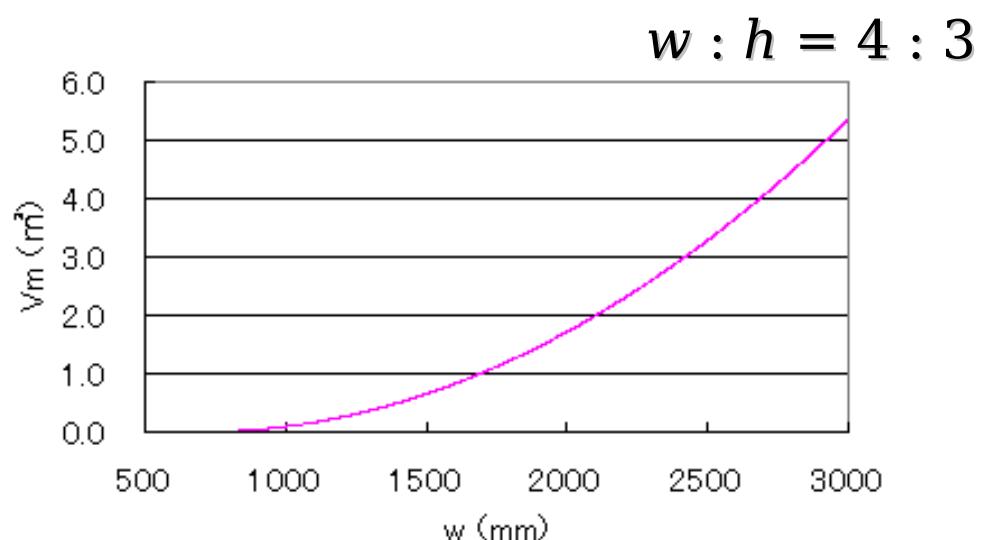
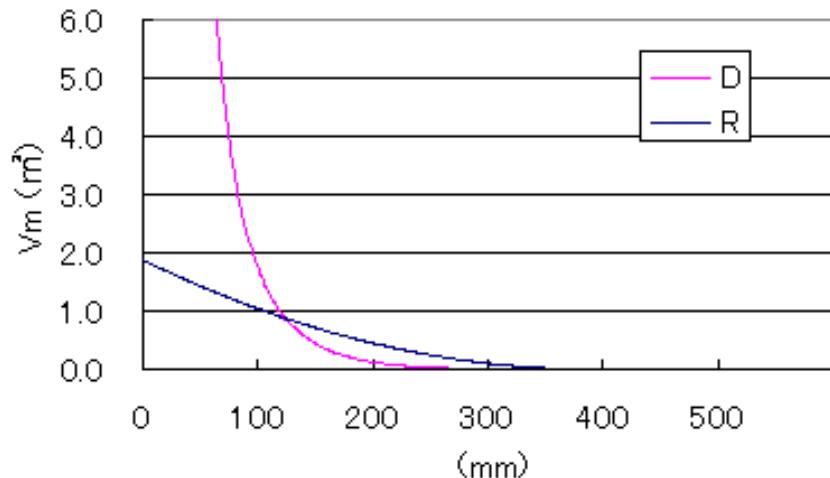
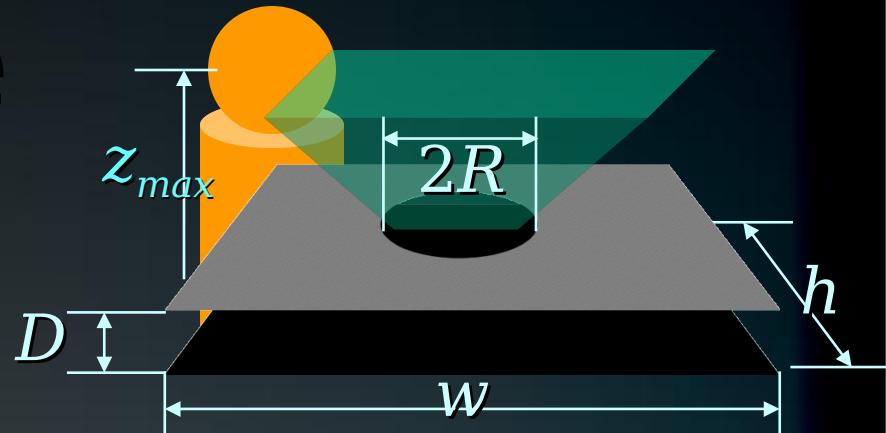
$$\left[ z_{\max} + \frac{D(3R \cdot w - R \cdot h - w \cdot h)}{(w - 2R)(h - 2R)} \right] \left[ z_{\max} - \frac{D \cdot h}{h - 2R} \right]^2$$



# Movable Volume for a User

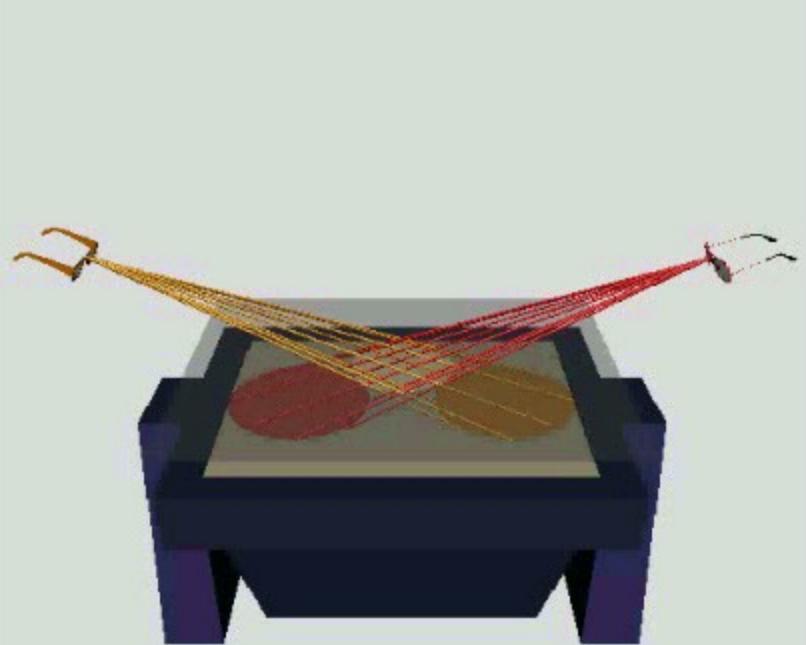
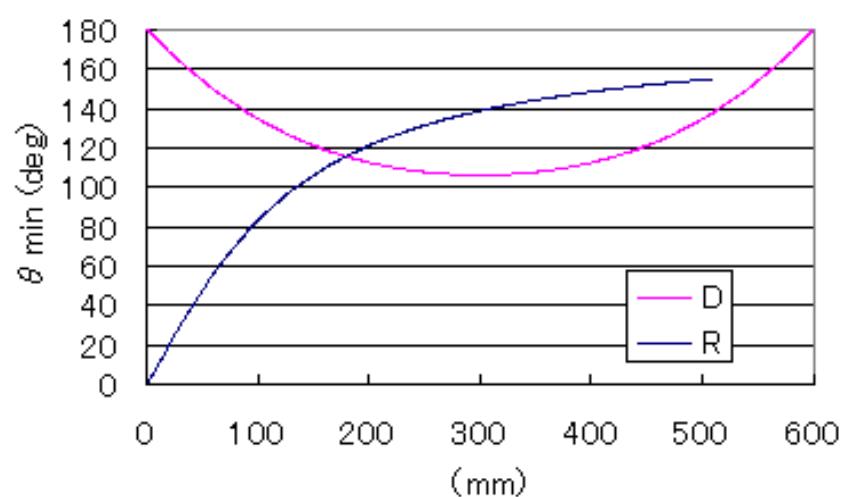
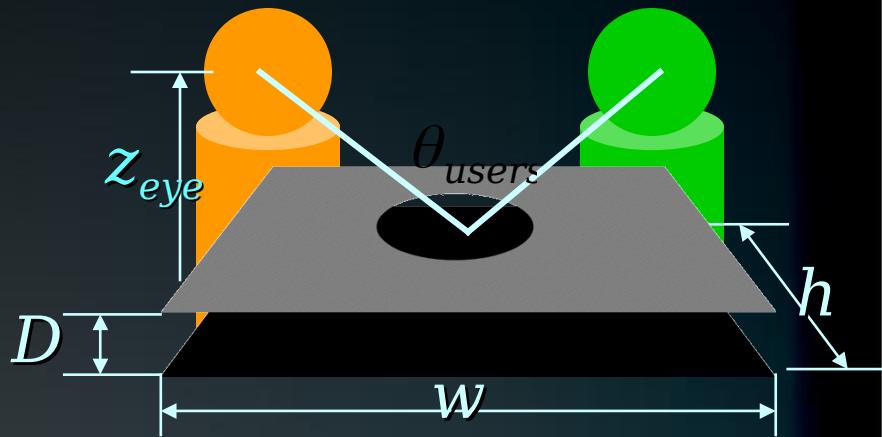
$$V_m = \frac{(w - 2R)(h - 2R)}{3D^2}$$

$$z_{\max} + \frac{D(3R \cdot w - R \cdot h - w \cdot h)}{(w - 2R)(h - 2R)} \leq z_{\max} - \frac{D \cdot h}{h - 2R}$$



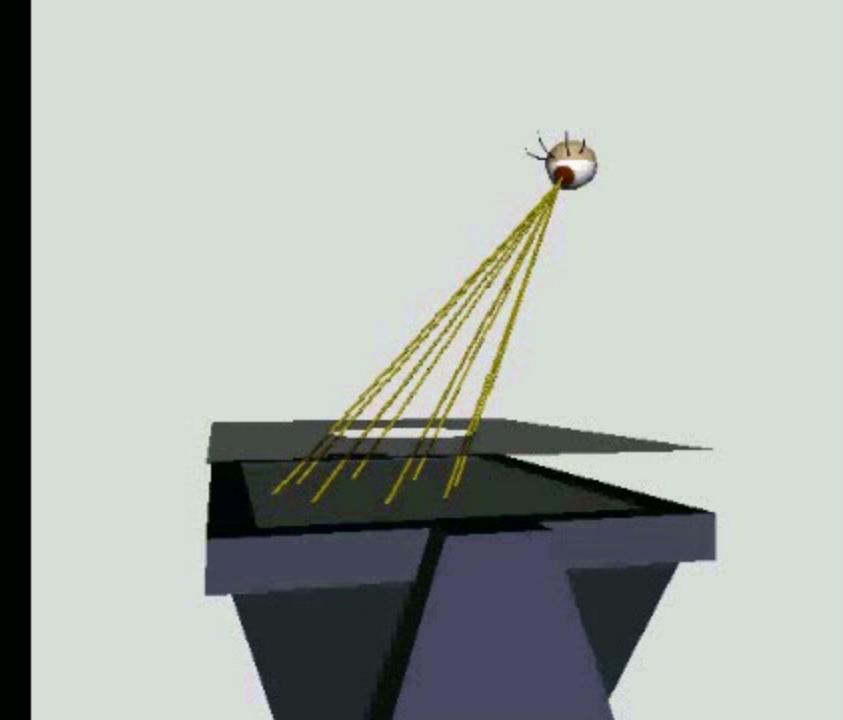
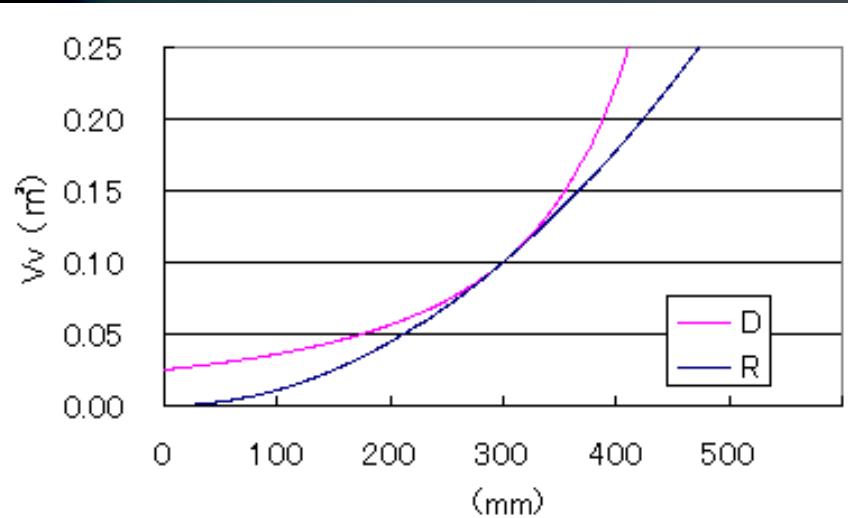
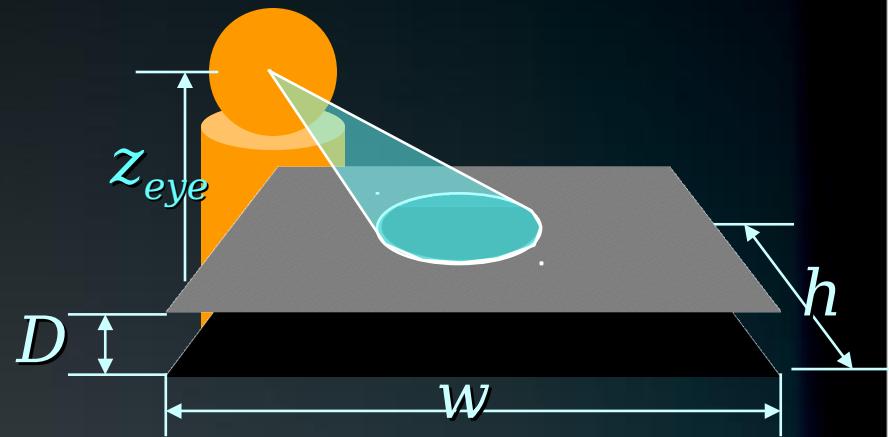
# Viewing Angle between Users

$$\theta_{users} \geq 2 \arctan \frac{R \cdot z_{eye}}{D(z_{eye} - D)}$$



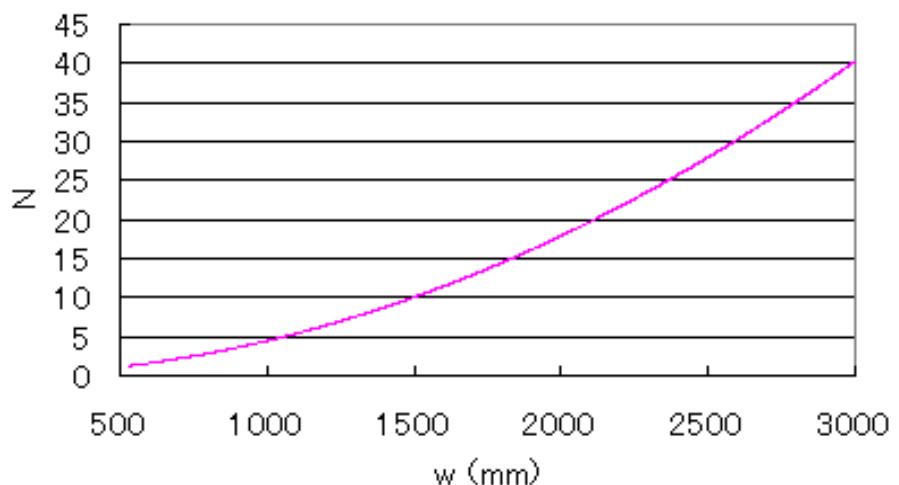
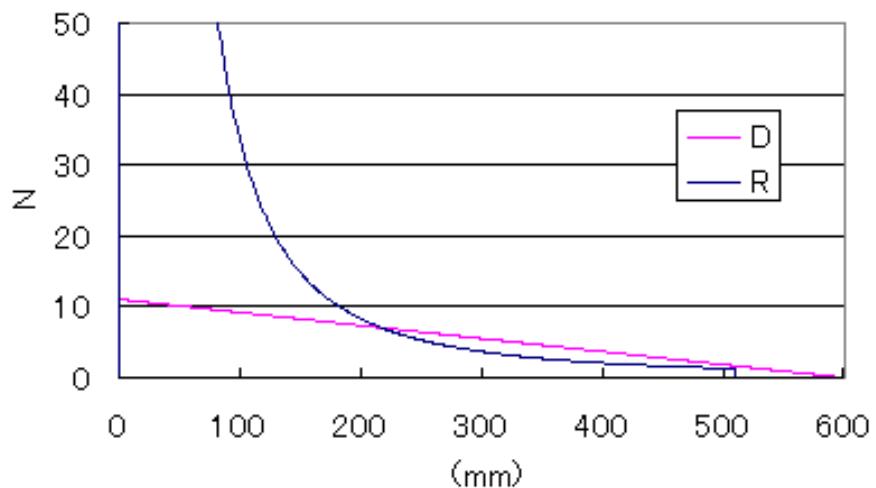
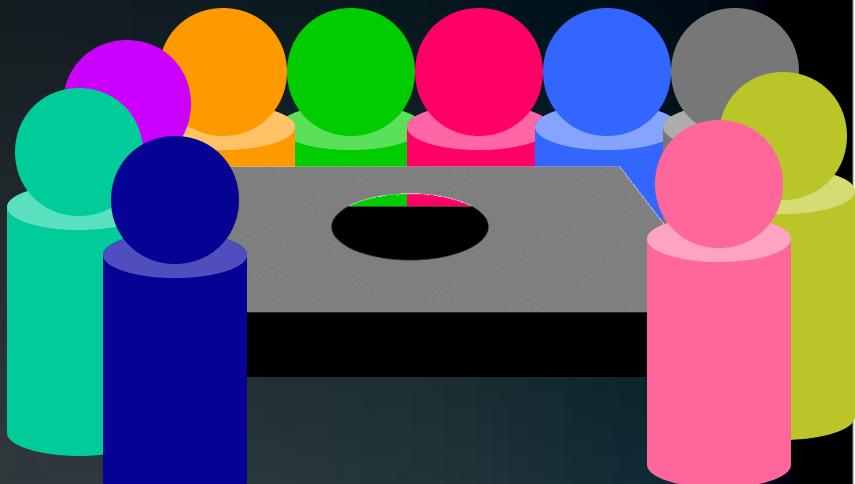
# Viewing Volume for a User

$$V_v = \frac{\pi \cdot R^2 z_{eye}^3}{3(z_{eye} - D)^2}$$



# Maximum Number of Users

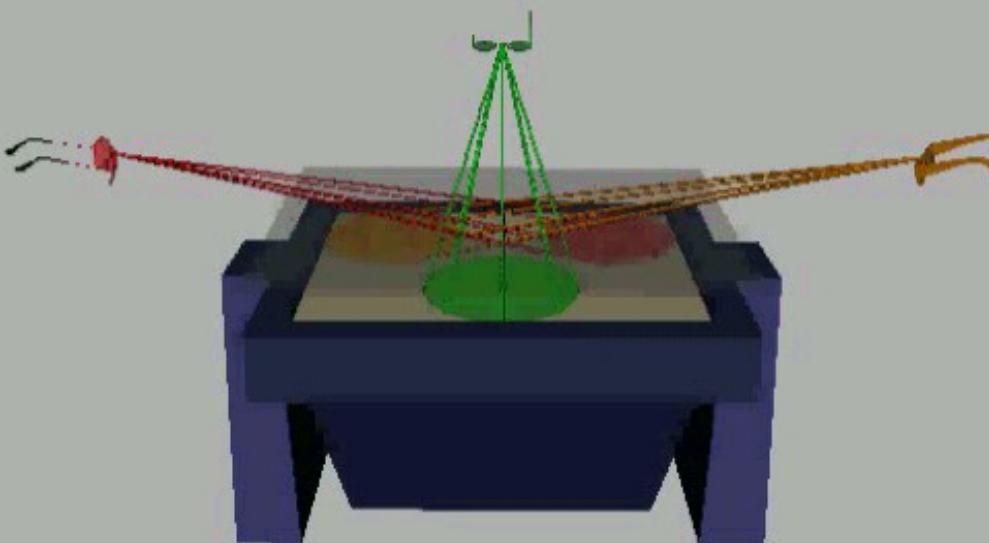
$$n_{users} \leq \frac{w \cdot h}{\pi \cdot R^2} \left[ 1 - \frac{D}{z_{eye}} \right]$$



$$w : h = 4 : 3$$

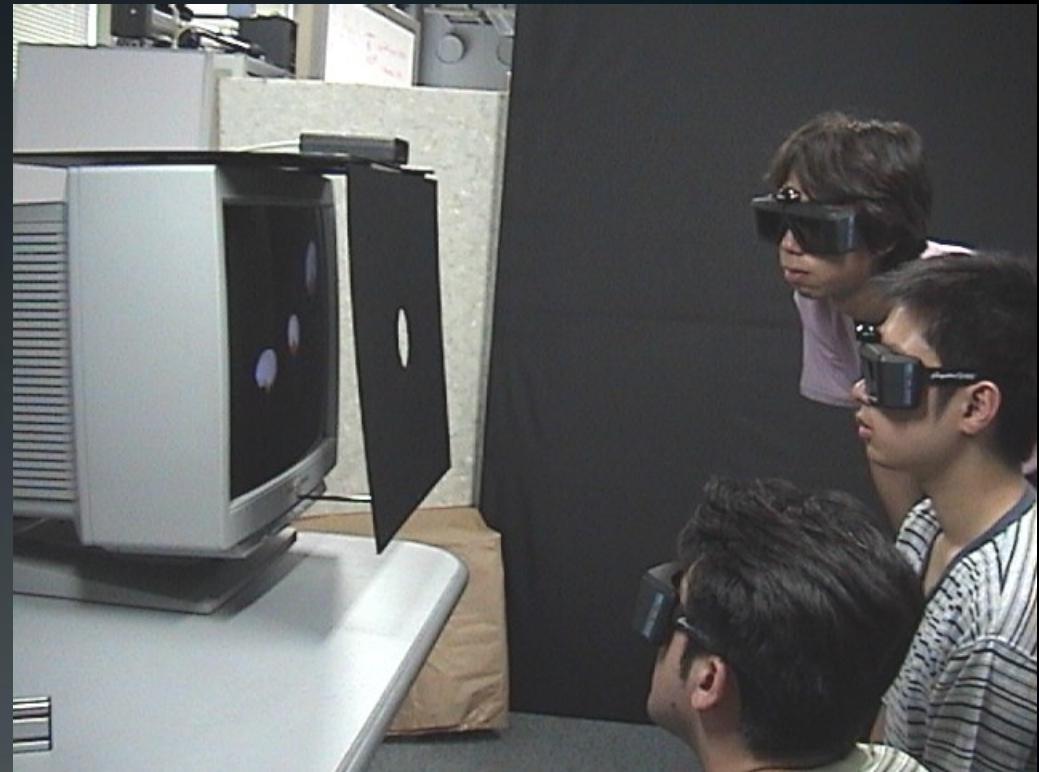
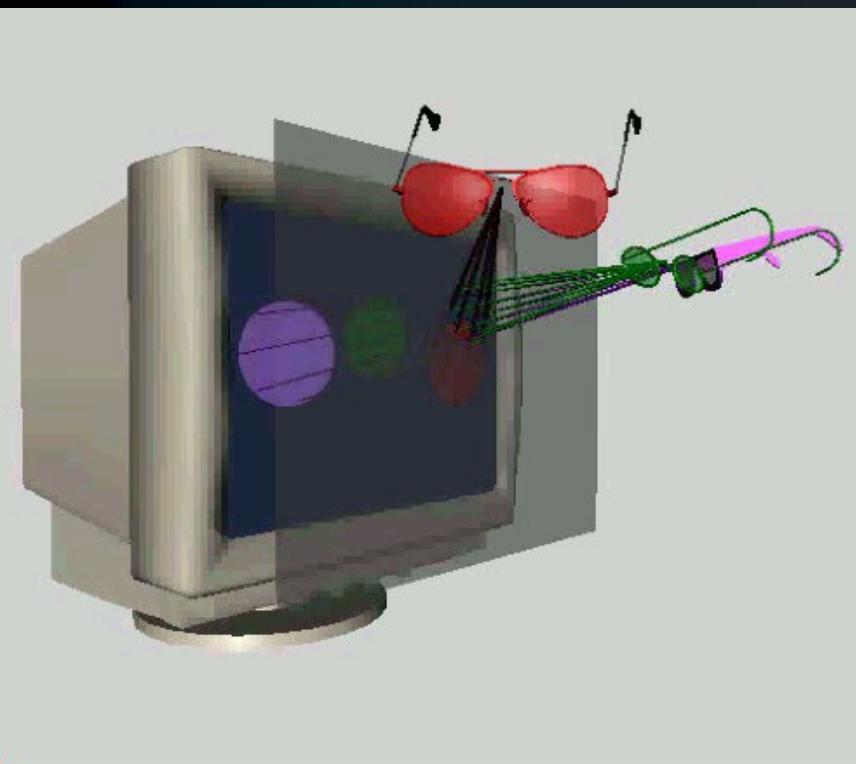
illusionHole

# IllusionHole with Projection Table



$w = 1,320 \text{ mm}$   
 $h = 1,020 \text{ mm}$   
 $D = 150 \text{ mm}$   
 $R = 200 \text{ mm}$

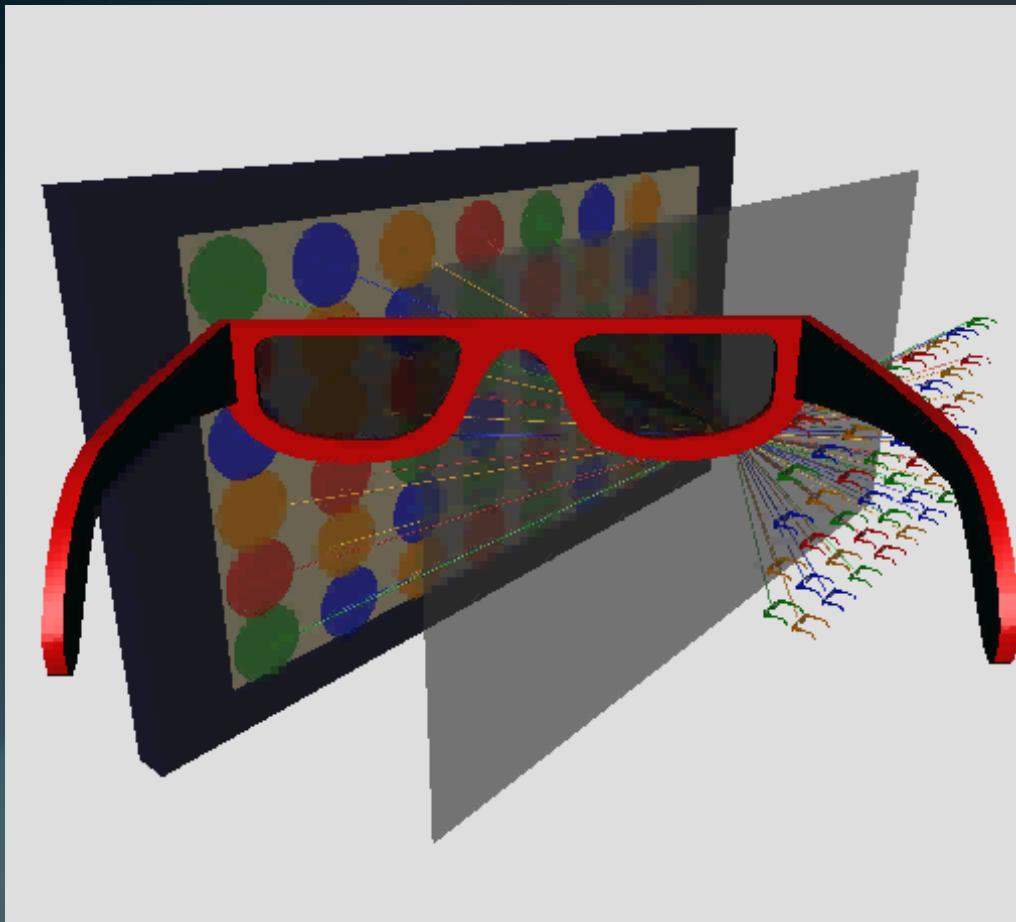
# Desktop IllusionHole



$w = 400 \text{ mm}$   
 $h = 300 \text{ mm}$   
 $D = 150 \text{ mm}$   
 $R = 35 \text{ mm}$

# Future Work □ (1)

- Other IllusionHole configurations
  - Theater-type

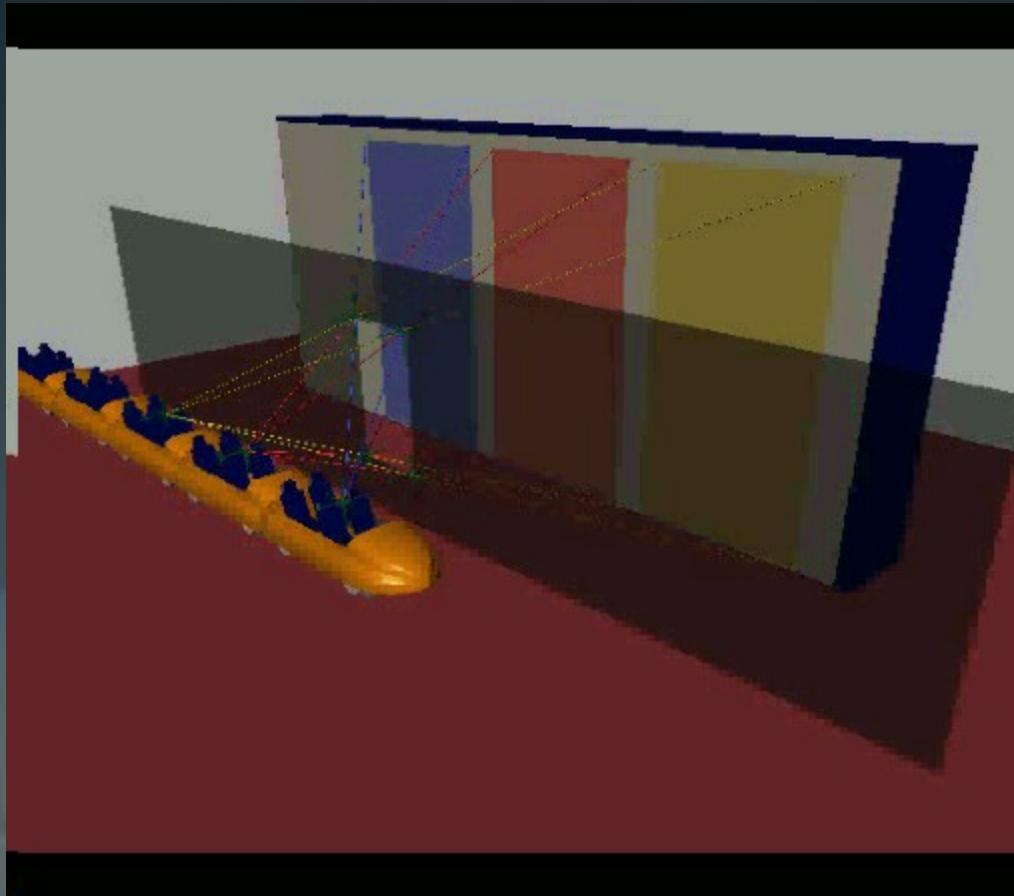


IllusionHole with  
48 people

$w = 25,000 \text{ mm}$   
 $h = 18,000 \text{ mm}$   
 $D = 6,000 \text{ mm}$   
 $R = 500 \text{ mm}$

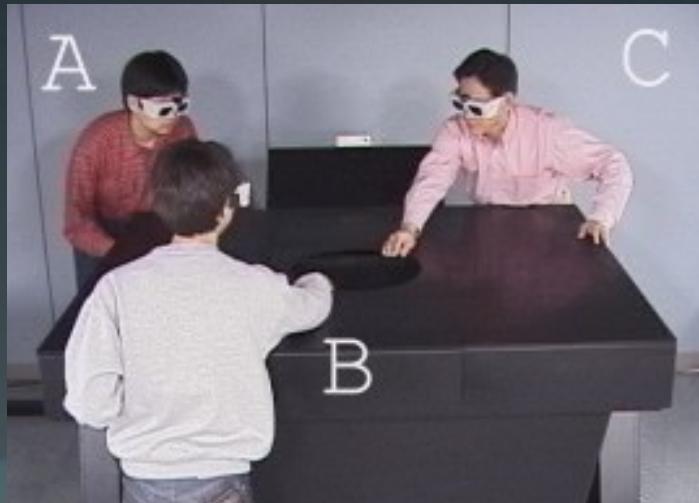
# Future Work □ (2)

- Other IllusionHole configurations
  - Entertainment-type



# Future Work □ (3)

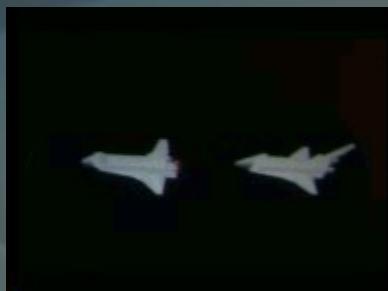
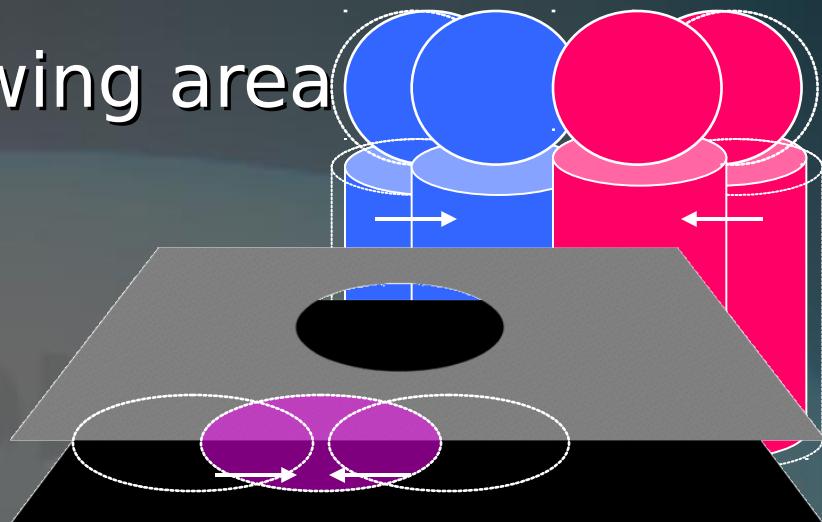
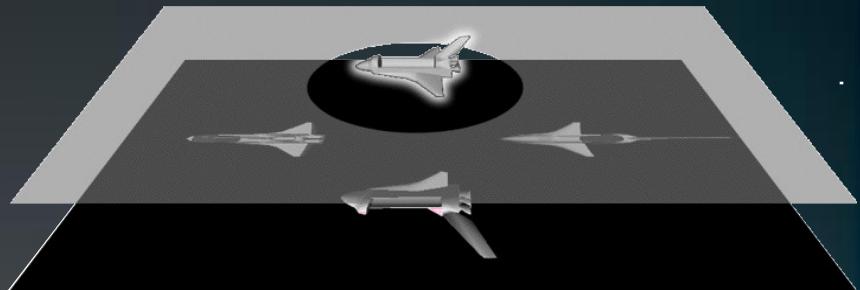
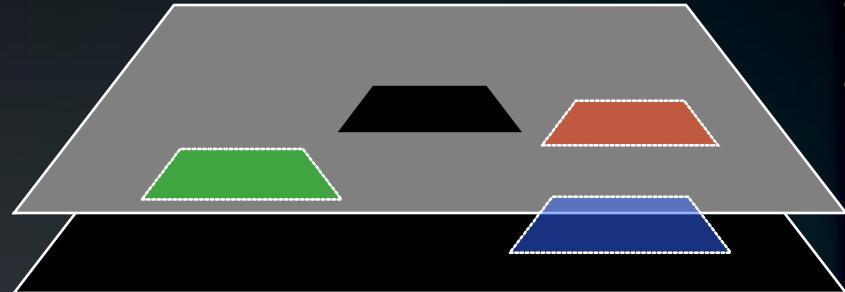
- Cooperative work environment
- Evaluation of IllusionHole



illusionHole

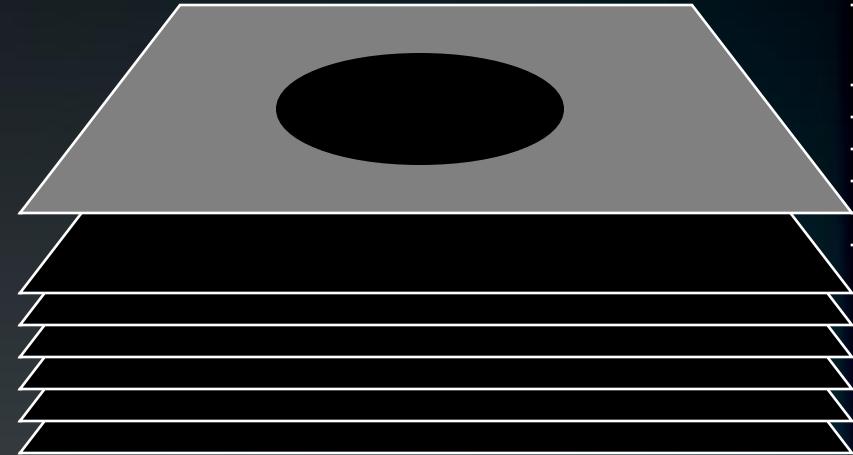
# Discussion

- Shape of the Hole
- Resolution of images
- Overlap of image drawing area

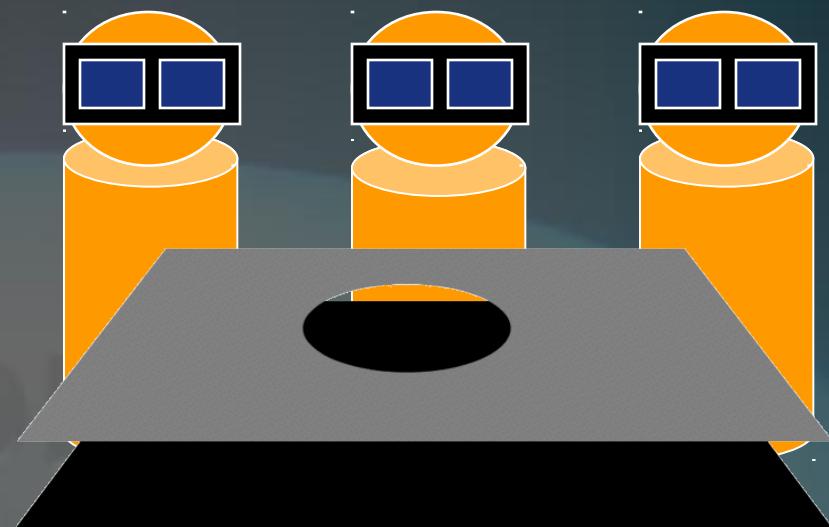


# Discussion

- Design Parameters

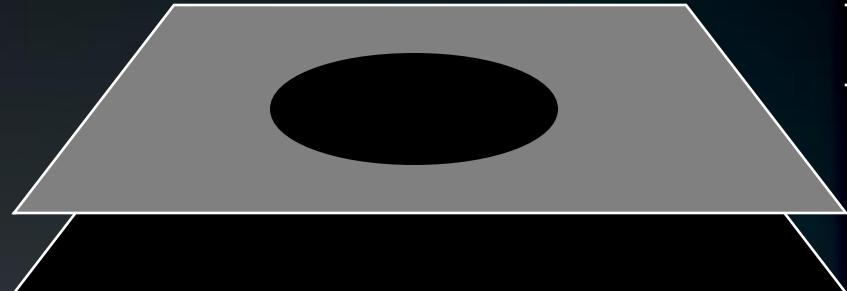


- Other Configurations

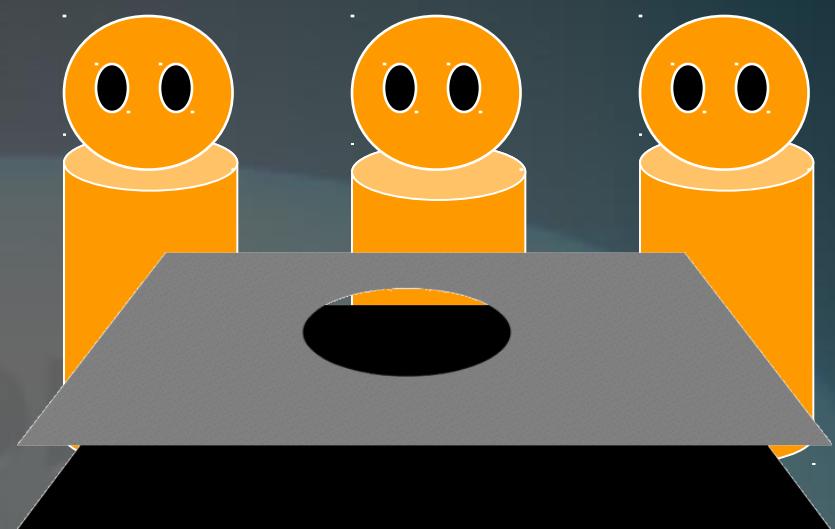


# Discussion

- Design Parameters



- Other Configurations



# Summary

- Ideal interactive stereoscopic display for three or more users
  - with Motion parallax
  - without Distortion
  - without Flicker
  - with very simple configuration
- Idea & design issue
- Useful for cooperative work by sharing a physical workspace

# Demonstration

- Emerging Technologies
  - Until 3:00 p.m. tomorrow (Friday, August 17<sup>th</sup>)
  - At Concourse Hall



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illusionHole